

LOCTITE[®] 278™

April 2008

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

LOCTITE[®] 278[™] provides the following product characteristics:

Technology	Acrylic		
Chemical Type	Dimethacrylate ester		
Appearance (uncured)	Green liquid ^{™S}		
Components	One component - requires no mixing		
Viscosity	Medium		
Cure	Anaerobic		
Secondary Cure	Activator		
Application	Threadlocking		
Strength	High		

LOCTITE[®] 278™ is designed for the permanent locking and sealing of threaded fasteners. The product cures when confined in the absence of air between close fitting metal surfaces and prevents loosening and leakage from shock and vibration. Particularly suitable for applications on less active substrates such as coated or plated surfaces, and/or for applications where temperature resistance is required.

TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF UNCURED MATERIAL

Specific Gravity @ 25 °C

1.08

2,400 to 3,600LMS

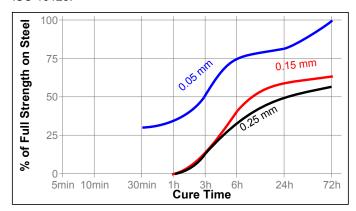
Flash Point - See MSDS

Viscosity, Brookfield - RVT, 25 °C, mPa·s (cP):

Spindle 6, speed 100 rpm

Cure Speed vs. Bond Gap

The rate of cure will depend on the bondline gap. The following graph shows shear strength developed with time on steel pins and collars at different controlled gaps and tested according to ISO 10123.



TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF CURED MATERIAL

Physical Properties:

Coefficient of Thermal Expansion, 225×10⁻⁶ ISO 11359-2, K⁻¹
Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity, ISO 8302, 0.28

W/(m·K)

TYPICAL CURING PERFORMANCE

Fixture Time

Fixture time is defined as the time to develop a fixation strength on M10 nuts and bolts against manual forces.

Fixture Time, ISO 10964, seconds:

Brass nuts and bolts (unseated) 210 to 270^{LMS}

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE OF CURED MATERIAL Adhesive Properties

After 24 hours @ 22 °C

Breakaway Torque, ISO 10964:

M10 black oxide steel nuts and bolts N·m 42 (unseated) (lb.in.) (372)

Prevail Torque, ISO 10964:

M10 black oxide steel nuts and bolts N·m 23 (unseated) (lb.in.) (203)

Compressive Shear Strength, ISO 10123:

Steel pins and collars (degreased) N/mm² ≥15^{LMS} (psi) (2,175)

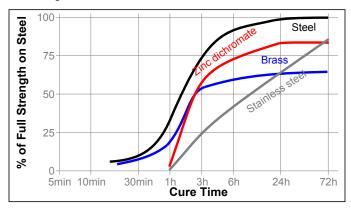
After 48 @ 22 °C

Breakaway Torque, ISO 10964:

M10 zinc phosphate steel nuts and bolts N·m ≥38^{LMS} (seated) and pre-torqued to 5 N.m (lb.in.) (≥336)

Cure Speed vs. Substrate

The rate of cure will depend on the substrate used. The graph below shows the shear strength developed with time on M10 steel nuts and bolts compared to different materials and tested according to ISO 10964.





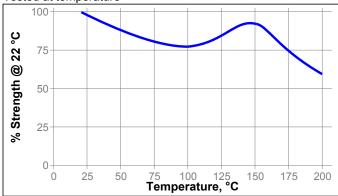
TYPICAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESISTANCE

Cured for 1 week @ 22 °C

Breakloose Torque, ISO 10964, Pre-torqued to 5 N·m: M10 zinc phosphate steel nuts and bolts

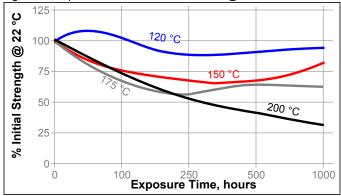
Hot Strength

Tested at temperature



Heat Aging

Aged at temperature indicated and tested @ 22 °C



Chemical/Solvent Resistance

Aged under conditions indicated and tested @ 22°C.

		% of initial strength		
Environment	°C	100 h	500 h	1000 h
Acetone	22	110	110	115
Brake fluid	22	80	100	110
Ethanol	22	105	105	95
Motor oil	125	110	75	70
Gasoline (unleaded)	22	100	95	105
Water/glycol 50/50	87	105	95	100

GENERAL INFORMATION

This product is not recommended for use in pure oxygen and/or oxygen rich systems and should not be selected as a sealant for chlorine or other strong oxidizing materials

For safe handling information on this product, consult the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).

Where aqueous washing systems are used to clean the surfaces before bonding, it is important to check for compatibility of the washing solution with the adhesive. In some cases these aqueous washes can affect the cure and performance of the adhesive.

This product is not normally recommended for use on plastics (particularly thermoplastic materials where stress cracking of the plastic could result). Users are recommended to confirm compatibility of the product with such substrates.

Directions for use:

For Assembly

- 1. For best results, clean all surfaces (external and internal) with a LOCTITE[®] cleaning solvent and allow to dry.
- If the material is an inactive metal or the cure speed is too slow, spray all threads with Activator 7471™ or 7649™ and allow to dry.
- 3. To prevent the product from clogging in the nozzle, do not allow the tip to touch metal surfaces during application.
- 4. **For Thru Holes**, apply several drops of the product onto the bolt at the nut engagement area.
- 5. **For Blind Holes**, apply several drops of the product down the internal threads to the bottom of the hole.
- 6. For Sealing Applications, apply a 360° bead of product to the leading threads of the male fitting, leaving the first thread free. Force the material into the threads to thouroughly fill the voids. For bigger threads and voids, adjust product amount accordingly and apply a 360° bead of product on the female threads also.
- 7. Assemble and tighten as required.

For Disassembly

Apply localized heat to nut or bolt to approximately 350
 °C. Disassemble while hot.

For Cleanup

 Cured product can be removed with a combination of soaking in a Loctite solvent and mechanical abrasion such as a wire brush.

Loctite Material Specification^{LMS}

LMS dated February 26, 2008. Test reports for each batch are available for the indicated properties. LMS test reports include selected QC test parameters considered appropriate to specifications for customer use. Additionally, comprehensive controls are in place to assure product quality and consistency. Special customer specification requirements may be coordinated through Henkel Quality.

Storage

Store product in the unopened container in a dry location. Storage information may be indicated on the product container labeling.

Optimal Storage: 8 °C to 21 °C. Storage below 8 °C or greater than 28 °C can adversely affect product properties. Material removed from containers may be contaminated during use. Do not return product to the original container. Henkel Corporation cannot assume responsibility for product which has been contaminated or stored under conditions other than those previously indicated. If additional information is required, please contact your local Technical Service Center or Customer Service Representative.

Conversions

(°C x 1.8) + 32 = °F kV/mm x 25.4 = V/mil mm / 25.4 = inches µm / 25.4 = mil N x 0.225 = lb N/mm x 5.71 = lb/in N/mm² x 145 = psi MPa x 145 = psi N·m x 8.851 = lb·in N·m x 0.738 = lb·ft N·mm x 0.142 = oz·in mPa·s = cP

Note

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